

PUBLIC DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

FELIZ PUENTE PTY LTD

ORGANISATION CERTIFICATION CY2022

Australian Government

Climate Active Public Disclosure Statement





An Australian Government Initiative



| NAME OF CERTIFIED ENTITY | Feliz Puente Pty Ltd |
|--------------------------|---|
| REPORTING PERIOD | 1 January 2022 – 31 December 2022 Arrears report |
| DECLARATION | To the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this public disclosure statement is true and correct and meets the requirements of the Climate Active Carbon Neutral Standard. |
| | Deborah Zimmer CEO 5 December 2023 |



Australian Government

Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water

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Version March 2023.



1.CERTIFICATION SUMMARY

| TOTAL EMISSIONS OFFSET | 248 t CO ₂ -e |
|------------------------|---|
| OFFSETS USED | 100% VCUs |
| RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY | 0% |
| CARBON ACCOUNT | Prepared by: 100% Renewables Pty Ltd |
| TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT | 29 November 2023 100% Renewables Pty Ltd Next technical assessment due: CY 2025 |
| THIRD PARTY VALIDATION | Type 1 13 October 2023 KREA Consulting Pty Ltd |

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2. CARBON NEUTRAL INFORMATION

Description of certification

The emission inventory in this Public Disclosure Statement for the calendar year 2022 with the same year as the baseline year has been developed in accordance with the Climate Active Carbon Neutral Standard for Organisations. Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions within BridgeClimb Sydney's operational control relevant to the organisation have been captured in this certification.

Organisation description

Feliz Puente Pty Ltd (ABN: 79 625 999 877) trading as BridgeClimb Sydney, is an iconic Australian experience that takes guests on a journey to the top of one of the nation's most famous and celebrated structure – the Sydney Harbour Bridge. Since 1998, we have welcomed more than 4 million climbers, from 140 different countries around the world, to scale the arches of Australia's most famous landmark. As guests ascend to the summit of the world's largest steel arch, they experience spectacular 360-degree views, and fascinating facts and stories from our expert Climb Leaders.

We recognise that the beauty of the city we showcase, the Gadigal lands of Sydney, is directly tied to the health of the environment. We are committed to contributing positively to the environmental and sustainability challenges that our planet faces. By nurturing and protecting the planet, we can offer meaningful and enriching experiences to travellers today while ensuring this also endures for generations to come.



3.EMISSIONS BOUNDARY

Inside the emissions boundary

All emission sources listed in the emissions boundary are part of the carbon neutral claim.

Quantified emissions have been assessed as relevant and are quantified in the carbon inventory. This may include emissions that are not identified as arising due to the operations of the certified entity, however, are **optionally included**.

Non-quantified emissions have been assessed as relevant and are captured within the emissions boundary but are not measured (quantified) in the carbon inventory. All material emissions are accounted for through an uplift factor. Further detail is available at Appendix C.

Outside the emissions boundary

Excluded emissions are those that have been assessed as not relevant to an organisation's operations and are outside of its emissions boundary or are outside of the scope of the certification. These emissions are not part of the carbon neutral claim. Further detail is available at Appendix D.



Inside emissions boundary

Quantified

Electricity (admin arch) Accounting services Banking services Business services Insurance

Legal services

Security and personal safety

Subscriptions & periodicals

Stationery

Postage and courier

Road freight

Employee commute

Working from home

Water (admin arch)

Air travel (staff)

Business accommodation (staff)

Food and catering (staff)

Waste-to-landfill

Non-quantified

Refrigerants Green waste

Outside emission boundary

Excluded

Capital expenditures (air con, climbing equipment & apparel, IT & plant equipment)



4.EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS

Emissions reduction strategy

BridgeClimb Sydney has a comprehensive Environmental Management Plan which includes targets to reduce our overall environmental impact and ensure our sustainability efforts are the best they can, which incorporates emissions reduction targets.

Included in the BridgeClimb's 2023-24 Strategy are targets to:

- Focus on maximising waste minimisation across our sites
- Move to green energy across our operations
- Upgrade to more energy efficient ways to manage thermal comfort.
- Be carbon neutral through emissions reductions and purchasing offsets

The following actions have specifically been identified for this calendar year:

We aim to reduce our carbon emissions by 10% over 5 years.

| Focus | Area | Emissions Reductions Actions | Timeline/Budget |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Travel/Transport | Team Member Travel | Track Team Member commuting patterns to establish a baseline (within 3 months) to help inform a reduction target. | Base line – January 2024 Reduction – 10% less single person in car in rest of year compared to baseline |
| Waste | Audit | Carry out waste audit to understand further areas of improvement | December 2023 |
| | New bins and awareness material | Fully implement the 'Lets sort this!' program with its 13 channels of reuse/recycling to divert waste from landfill. | December 2023 |
| Equipment | Design | Upgrade HVAC equipment/blinds/fans to more energy efficient options and maximise the impacts of the window restoration project to manage thermal comfort and air movement. | As equipment ends its lifespan and as window restoration project completes areas to allow for upgrades Phase 1 by May 2024, Phase 2 by May 2025. |
| Energy | Electricity | Transition to Green Energy as contracts finish. | All green power by end of September 2024 |



5.EMISSIONS SUMMARY

Use of Climate Active carbon neutral products, services, buildings or precincts

N/A

Emissions summary

The electricity summary is available in the Appendix B. Electricity emissions were calculated using a market-based approach.

| Emission category | Sum of scope 1 (tCO ₂ -e) | Sum of scope 2 (tCO ₂ -e) | Sum of scope 3 (tCO ₂ -e) | Sum of total emissions (t CO ₂ -e) |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Accommodation and facilities (staff) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.55 | 0.55 |
| Electricity (admin arch) | 0.00 | 75.33 | 9.97 | 85.30 |
| Food and catering (staff) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 23.81 | 23.81 |
| Office equipment & supplies | 0.00 | 0.00 | 10.26 | 10.26 |
| Postage, courier and freight | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.79 | 2.79 |
| Professional Services | 0.00 | 0.00 | 55.57 | 55.57 |
| Refrigerants | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Transport (Air) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 14.79 | 14.79 |
| Transport (Land and Sea) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 49.11 | 49.11 |
| Waste | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.21 | 0.21 |
| Water (admin arch) | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.30 | 0.30 |
| Working from home | 0.00 | 0.00 | 4.83 | 4.83 |
| Total | 0.00 | 75.33 | 172.20 | 247.53 |



6.CARBON OFFSETS

Offsets retirement approach

This certification has taken in-arrears offsetting approach. The total emission to offset is 248 t CO₂-e. The total number of eligible offsets used in this report is 248 t CO₂-e. Of the total eligible offsets used,0 t CO₂-e were previously banked and 248 t CO₂-e were newly purchased and retired. 0 t CO₂-e are remaining and have been banked for future use.

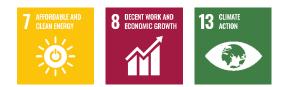
Co-benefits

This section provides a brief description of the carbon offsets purchased and retired for Feliz Puente Pty Ltd's carbon neutral claim.

Inner Mongolia Chifeng Gaofeng Wind Power Project

This project relates to 100 per cent of the total amount of offsets purchased and retired for this reporting period. The activity includes the generation of electrical energy using wind and selling the generated electricity to the respective state utilities under the Northeast China Power Grid. A total of 25 sets of 2,000 kW wind turbines (Vestas V80-2000Kw of Denmark) have been installed, providing a total capacity of 50MW. The power produced displaces an equivalent amount of power of the grid which is fed mainly by fossil fired power plants. Hence, it results in reduction of greenhouse gas emissions.

The project meets the following Sustainable Development Goals:





Eligible offsets retirement summary

| Offsets retired for Cli | mate Activ | ve Carbon N | eutral Certific | ation | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------|-----------------|---|---------|------------------|--|---|---|--|-------------------------|
| Project description | Type of offset units | Registry | Date retired | Serial number (and hyperlink to registry transaction record) | Vintage | Stapled quantity | Eligible quantity retired (tCO ₂ -e) | Eligible quantity used for previous reporting periods | Eligible quantity banked for future reporting periods | Eligible quantity used for this reporting period | Percentage of total (%) |
| Inner Mongolia Chifeng Gaofeng Wind Power Project | VCU | Verra | 29 Nov 2023 | <u>14205-562635011-</u> <u>562635258-VCS-VCU-1310-</u> <u>VER-CN-1-813-01012017-</u> <u>31122017-0</u> | 2017 | 0 | 248 | 0 | 0 | 248 | 100 |
| Total eligible offsets retired and used for this report | | | | | | 248 | | | | | |
| Total eligible offsets retired this report and banked for use in future reports | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Type of offset units | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Verified Car | bon Units (| VCUs) | | 248 | | | | 100% | | | |



7. RENEWABLE ENERGY CERTIFICATE (REC) SUMMARY

Renewable Energy Certificate (REC) summary

The following RECs have been surrendered to reduce electricity emissions under the market-based reporting method.

1. Large-scale Generation certificates (LGCs)*

* LGCs in this table only include those surrendered voluntarily (including through PPA arrangements) and does not include those surrendered in relation to the LRET, GreenPower, and jurisdictional renewables.

| Project supported by LGC purchase | Project location | Eligible unit type | Registry | Surrender date | Accreditation code | Certificate serial number | Generation year | Fuel source | Quantity (MWh) |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Not applicable | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total LGCs surrendere | d this report | and used in | this report | | | | | | Not applicable |



APPENDIX A: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Attachment 1: Proof of the retirement – Inner Mongolia Chifeng Gaofeng Wind Power Project





APPENDIX B: ELECTRICITY SUMMARY

There are two international best-practice methods for calculating electricity emissions – the location-based method and the market-based method. Reporting electricity emissions under both methods is called dual reporting.

Dual reporting of electricity emissions is useful, as it provides different perspectives of the emissions associated with a business's electricity usage.

Location-based method:

The location-based method provides a picture of a business's electricity emissions in the context of its location, and the emissions intensity of the electricity grid it relies on. It reflects the average emissions intensity of the electricity grid in the location (State) in which energy consumption occurs. The location-based method does not allow for any claims of renewable electricity from grid-imported electricity usage.

Market-based method:

The market-based method provides a picture of a business's electricity emissions in the context of its renewable energy investments. It reflects the emissions intensity of different electricity products, markets and investments. It uses a residual mix factor (RMF) to allow for unique claims on the zero emissions attribute of renewables without double-counting.

For this certification, electricity emissions have been set by using the market-based approach.



| Market-based approach | Activity Data (kWh) | Emissions (kg CO ₂ -e) | Renewable percentage of total |
|--|---------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Behind the meter consumption of electricity generated | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Total non-grid electricity | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| LGC Purchased and retired (kWh) (including PPAs) | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| GreenPower | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Climate Active precinct/building (voluntary renewables) | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Precinct/Building (LRET) | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Precinct/Building jurisdictional renewables (LGCs surrendered) | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Electricity products (voluntary renewables) | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Electricity products (LRET) | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Electricity products jurisdictional renewables (LGCs surrendered) | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Jurisdictional renewables (LGCs surrendered) | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Jurisdictional renewables (LRET) (applied to ACT grid electricity) | 0 | 0 | 0% |
| Large Scale Renewable Energy Target (applied to grid electricity only) | 20,464 | 0 | 19% |
| Residual Electricity | 89,319 | 85,300 | 0% |
| Total renewable electricity (grid + non grid) | 20,464 | 0 | 19% |
| Total grid electricity | 109,783 | 85,300 | 19% |
| Total electricity (grid + non grid) | 109,783 | 85,300 | 19% |
| Percentage of residual electricity consumption under operational control | 100% | | |
| Residual electricity consumption under operational control | 89,319 | 85,300 | |
| Scope 2 | 78,879 | 75,330 | |
| Scope 3 (includes T&D emissions from consumption under operational control) | 10,440 | 9,970 | |
| Residual electricity consumption not under operational control | 0 | 0 | |
| Scope 3 | 0 | 0 | |

| Total renewables (grid and non-grid) | 18.64% |
|--|--------|
| Mandatory | 18.64% |
| Voluntary | 0.00% |
| Behind the meter | 0.00% |
| Residual scope 2 emissions (t CO ₂ -e) | 75.33 |
| Residual scope 3 emissions (t CO ₂ -e) | 9.97 |
| Scope 2 emissions liability (adjusted for already offset carbon neutral electricity) (t CO2-e) | 75.33 |
| Scope 3 emissions liability (adjusted for already offset carbon neutral electricity) (t CO2-e) | 9.97 |
| Total emissions liability (t CO ₂ -e) | 85.30 |
| Figures may not sum due to reunding. Peneweble percentage can be above 100% | |

Figures may not sum due to rounding. Renewable percentage can be above 100%



| Location-based approach | Activity Data (kWh) total | Under operational control | | | Not under operational control | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Percentage of grid electricity consumption under operational control | 100% | (kWh) | Scope 2 Emissions (kgCO ₂ -e) | Scope 3 Emissions (kgCO ₂ -e) | (kWh) | Scope 3 Emissions (kgCO ₂ -e) | |
| ACT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| NSW | 109,783 | 109,783 | 80,141 | 6,587 | 0 | 0 | |
| SA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| VIC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| QLD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| NT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| WA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| TAS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Grid electricity (scope 2 and 3) | 109,783 | 109,783 | 80,141 | 6,587 | 0 | 0 | |
| ACT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| NSW | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| SA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| VIC | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| QLD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| NT | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| WA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| TAS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Non-grid electricity (behind the meter) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Total electricity (grid + non grid) | 0 | | | | | | |
| Residual scope 2 emissions (t CO ₂ -e) | | | | | | 80.14 | |
| Residual scope 3 emissions (t CO ₂ -e) | | | | | | 6.59 | |
| Scope 2 emissions liability (adjusted for already offset carbon neutral electricity) (t CO2-e) | | | | | | 80.14 | |
| Scope 3 emissions liability (adjusted for already offset carbon neutral electricity) (t CO ₂ -e) | | | | | | 6.59 | |
| Total emissions liability (t CO ₂ -e) | | | | | | 86.73 | |

Operations in Climate Active buildings and precincts

| operatione in ennate / tettre banange and preer | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|
| Operations in Climate Active buildings and precincts | Electricity consumed in Climate Active certified building/precinct (kWh) | Emissions (kg CO₂-e) |
| N/A | 0 | 0 |
| Climate Active carbon neutral electricity is not renewable electricity | | |

Active member through their building or precinct certification. This electricity consumption is also included in the market based and location based summary tables. Any electricity that has been sourced as renewable electricity by the building/precinct under the market based summary table.

Climate Active carbon neutral electricity products

| Climate Active carbon neutral product used | Electricity claimed from Climate Active electricity products (kWh) | Emissions (kg CO₂-e) | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| N/A | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Climate Active carbon neutral electricity is not renewable electricity. These electricity emissions have been offset by another Climate Active member through their electricity product certification. This electricity consumption is also included in the market based and location-based summary tables. Any electricity that has been sourced as renewable electricity by the electricity product under the market-based method is outlined as such in the market based summary table. | | | | | | |



APPENDIX C: INSIDE EMISSIONS BOUNDARY

Non-quantified emission sources

The following emissions sources have been assessed as relevant, are captured within the emissions boundary, but are not measured (quantified) in the carbon inventory. They have been non-quantified due to <u>one</u> of the following reasons:

- 1. Immaterial <1% for individual items and no more than 5% collectively
- 2. <u>Cost effective</u> Quantification is not cost effective relative to the size of the emission but uplift applied.
- 3. <u>Data unavailable</u> Data is unavailable but uplift applied. A data management plan must be put in place to provide data within 5 years.
- 4. <u>Maintenance</u> Initial emissions non-quantified but repairs and replacements quantified.

| Relevant non-quantified emission sources | Justification reason |
|--|--------------------------|
| Refrigerants | Emissions are immaterial |
| Green waste | Emissions are immaterial |

Data management plan for non-quantified sources

There are no non-quantified sources in the emission boundary that require a data management plan.



APPENDIX D: OUTSIDE EMISSIONS BOUNDARY

Excluded emission sources

The below emission sources have been assessed as not relevant to this organisation's operations and are outside of its emissions boundary. These emissions are not part of the carbon neutral claim. Emission sources considered for relevance must be included within the certification boundary if they meet two of the five relevance criteria. Those which only meet one condition of the relevance test can be excluded from the certification boundary.

Emissions tested for relevance are detailed below against each of the following criteria:

- 1. <u>Size</u> The emissions from a particular source are likely to be large relative to the organisation's electricity, stationary energy and fuel emissions.
- 2. <u>Influence</u> The responsible entity has the potential to influence the reduction of emissions from a particular source.
- <u>Risk</u> The emissions from a particular source contribute to the organisation's greenhouse gas risk exposure.
- 4. Stakeholders Key stakeholders deem the emissions from a particular source are relevant.
- <u>Outsourcing</u> The emissions are from outsourced activities previously undertaken within the organisation's boundary, or from outsourced activities typically undertaken within the boundary for comparable organisations.



Excluded emissions sources summary

| Emission sources tested for relevance | Size | Influence | Risk | Stakeholders | Outsourcing | Justification |
|---|------|-----------|------|--------------|-------------|---|
| Capital expenditures (air con, climbing equipment & apparel, IT & plant equipment) | Y | Ν | Ν | Ν | Ν | Size: The emissions source is likely to be around 20% of the total carbon inventory. Influence: We do not have the potential to influence the emissions from this source, including by shifting to a different lower-emissions supplier for our business. Risk: There are no relevant laws or regulations that apply to limit emissions specifically from this source, the source does not create supply chain risks, and it is unlikely to be of significant public interest. Stakeholders: Key stakeholders, including the public, are unlikely to consider this a relevant source of emissions for our business. Outsourcing: We have not previously undertaken this activity within our emissions boundary and comparable organisations do not typically undertake this activity within their boundary. |







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